ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024 and 2023

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

August 27, 2024

Government Insurance Network Board of Directors Chicago, Illinois

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Government Insurance Network (GIN), Illinois, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise GIN's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the Government Insurance Network, Illinois, as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of GIN, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about GIN's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of GIN's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about GIN's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and the budgetary comparison schedules, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Government Insurance Network, Illinois August 27, 2024

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Government Insurance Network, Illinois' basic financial statements. The other supplementary information and supplemental schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information and supplemental schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Lauterbach & Amen, LLP
LAUTERBACH & AMEN, LLP

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2024

Our discussion and analysis of Government Insurance Network (GIN) financial performance provides an overview of GIN's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. Please read it in conjunction with GIN's financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- As of June 30, 2024, GIN's net position was zero. This is consistent with prior year.
- During the year, revenues consisting of gross premiums and interest income totaled \$21,854,333 while operating expenses consisting of premiums to insurers, administration fees, member equity allocation and professional fees totaled \$21,854,333, resulting in no change to the net position.
- GIN received \$1,253,755 in equity in the current year from its members.
- GIN was formed on May 15, 2018 and includes nine entities in its network.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to GIN's basic financial statements. GIN operates as a single proprietary fund, more specifically as an enterprise fund, in accounting for members' participation. This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and related notes to the financial statements. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position provide information about the activities of GIN as a whole and present a longer-term view of GIN's finances.

Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position reports information on all of GIN's assets and liabilities/deferred inflows, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of GIN is improving or deteriorating. Losses in any membership year are the contractual obligation of the members, and special assessments may be requested during the year.

The Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position presents information showing how GIN's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in the next calendar year (e.g., uncollected member contributions and claims incurred but not reported).

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2024

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT – Continued

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the financial statements.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of GIN's financial position. The following schedule shows in the case of GIN, assets equal liabilities.

	 Net Position		
	2024 2023		
Current Assets	\$ 8,161,002	9,361,751	
Current Liabilities	 8,161,002	9,361,751	
Net Position Unrestricted	 -		

As of June 30, 2024, GIN's net position is zero. Per GIN's bylaws, any equity at the end of the fiscal year is distributed to its members.

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2024

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS - Continued

	Change in Net Position	
	2024	2023
Revenues		
Gross Premiums	\$ 21,439,735	20,482,801
Expenses		
Premiums to Insurers	18,814,569	15,981,446
BCBS Administration Fees	3,884,749	3,980,850
Broker Consulting Service and Administration	394,987	395,516
Member Equity Allocation	(1,253,755)	422,363
Professional Fees	13,783	14,042
Total Expenses	21,854,333	20,794,217
Operating (Loss)	(414,598)	(311,416)
Nonoperating Revenue Interest Income	41.4 5 00	211 416
Interest Income	414,598	311,416
Change in Net Position	-	-
Net Position - Beginning		
Net Position - Ending		_

The net position of GIN's activities stayed consistent with prior year at zero.

BOARD ACTIVITIES

GIN's Board of Directors uses several outside consultants to develop its premiums and to assist in the proper funding for its medical and dental claims. The Board establishes premiums in an attempt to properly account for all projected costs plus a margin for unexpected claim activity to maintain GIN's sound financial position and a healthy reserve balance.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

There is an unknown impact on future claim experience and stop loss rates in the insurance market from recent high inflation and costly specialty drugs being approved for treatments. This will be an ongoing factor in determining GIN's future premium equivalents.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Government Insurance Network's financial position for all those with an interest in GIN's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to GIN Board President, c/o MMA, 111 North Canal St., Suite 550, Chicago, IL 60606

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2024 and 2023

ASSETS		
NODETO	2024	2023
Current Assets		
Cash and Investments	\$ 7,496,315	9,233,452
Accounts Receivable - Net of Allowances	+ 1,120,000	,,,
Member Contributions	629,255	92,531
Accrued Interest	14,539	15,125
Prepaids	20,893	20,643
Total Assets	8,161,002	9,361,751
LIABILITIES		
Current Liabilities		
Accounts Payable	1,865,158	1,912,612
Claims Payable	1,161,685	1,061,225
Due to Other Governments	5,134,159	6,387,914
Total Liabilities	8,161,002	9,361,751
NET POSITION		
Unrestricted		

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024 and 2023

	2024	2023
Operating Revenues	Ф 21 420 725	20.402.001
Premium Contributions	\$ 21,439,735	20,482,801
Operating Expenses		
Provision for Claims	18,278,486	15,460,961
Vison Insurance	157,054	153,510
Life and AD & D	358,386	346,873
Liability Insurance	20,643	20,102
Legal Fees	-	451
Audit Fees	12,400	12,000
Broker Consulting Service and Administration	394,987	395,516
BCBS Administration Fees	3,884,749	3,980,850
Supplies and Postage	42	41
Miscellaneous	1,341	1,550
Member Equity Allocation	(1,253,755)	422,363
Total Operating Expenses	21,854,333	20,794,217
Operating (Loss)	(414,598)	(311,416)
Nonoperating Revenues		
Interest Income	414,598	311,416
Changes in Net Position	-	-
Net Position - Beginning		
Net Position - Ending		-

Statement of Cash Flows For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024 and 2023

	2024	2023
Cash Flows from Operating Activities	Ф. 20.002.247	20.072.042
Receipts from Members	\$ 20,903,347	20,863,843
Payments to Suppliers	(23,055,082)	(19,692,037)
	(2,151,735)	1,171,806
Cash Flows from Investing Activities		
Interest Income	414,598	311,416
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(1,737,137)	1,483,222
Cash and Cash Equivalents		
Beginning	9,233,452	7,750,230
Ending	7,496,315	9,233,452
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash		
Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		
Operating (Loss)	(414,598)	(311,416)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating		
Income to Net Income to Net Cash		
Provided by (Used In) Operating Activities:		
(Increase) Decrease in Current Assets	(536,388)	381,042
Increase (Decrease) in Current Liabilities	(1,200,749)	1,102,180
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	(2,151,735)	1,171,806

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2024

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of Government Insurance Network (the GIN) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the GIN's accounting policies are described below.

REPORTING ENTITY

The GIN is a joint insurance pool organized to provide health, life, dental and vision care benefits to employees of its member organizations. The GIN was organized May 15, 2018 under the authority of Article VII, Section 10 of the Constitution of the State of Illinois and the Illinois Governmental Cooperation Act (5 ILCS 220/1 et. seq.). At year-end, membership consists of the following Illinois municipalities and governmental entities:

City of Elmhurst
Forest Preserve District of Will County
Village of Frankfort
Village of Lemont
Village of New Lenox
Village of Romeoville
Village of Shorewood
Village of Westmont
Village of Willowbrook

The purpose of the GIN is to administer certain employee benefit programs offered by the members to eligible employees, employees' dependents, and retirees and the officers and employees of other governmental entities and the quasi-governmental, and non-profit public service entities with which some or all members have separately arranged to list ("Listed Entities"), and the Board of Directors has approved, as if such officers and employees were employed by the member pursuant to a group plan (the "Plan"). Each member remains individually responsible for any and all benefit programs that are not a part of any network plan. Membership in GIN is not transferable or assignable.

The intent of the parties is to separately establish benefit programs and to utilize the GIN to achieve reduced costs of administration and insurance purchases by providing similar services to all members and to require members to pay for the costs of such benefits or to share such costs in the manner from time-to-time established by the Board of Directors.

The organization is managed by the GIN Board consisting of one representative designated by each member.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2024

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

BASIS OF PRESENTATION

Basic Financial Statements

In the Statement of Net Position, the GIN's activities are reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations.

The GIN's Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position is reported as unrestricted net position.

MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Measurement Focus

All proprietary funds utilize an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income (loss), changes in net position, financial position, and cash flows. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activities are reported. Proprietary fund equity is classified as net position.

Basis of Accounting

The GIN's basic financial statements are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Contributions from members are recognized as revenue each month as contributions are due. Claims and expenses are recorded in the period in which they are deemed to have occurred. A provision is recorded for the estimated claims incurred but not yet reported or paid.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the GIN are member contributions. Operating expenses for the GIN include the cost of insurance claims and administrative expenses. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Those revenues susceptible to accrual are member contributions and carrier invoices which include stoploss adjustments.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2024

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND NET POSITION

Cash and Investments

For the purpose of the Statement of Net Position, the cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of purchase.

Investments are generally reported at fair value. Short-term investments are reported at cost, which approximates fair value. For investments, the GIN categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. All of GIN's investments are in 2a7-like investment pools that are measured at the net asset value per share determined by the pool.

Receivables

In the Statement of Net Position, receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Member contributions represent the major receivable for the GIN.

Prepaids

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaids in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. Prepaids are valued at cost, which approximates market, using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. The costs of prepaids are recorded as expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

Claims Payable

Claims liabilities are established based on estimates of the ultimate cost of claims that have been reported but not settled, and of claims that have been incurred but not reported. Estimated amounts recoverable on unpaid claims are deducted from the claim expenses for unpaid claims. No provision for inflation or for present value is provided, as a majority of claims are generally settled within one year. The claims incurred but not recorded expense on insurance is based on twenty-four months of claims reported on the Claims Analysis Report provided by the insurance provider.

Reinsurance

The GIN utilizes reinsurance agreements to reduce its exposure to large losses. Reinsurance permits recovery of a portion of losses, although it does not discharge the GIN's liability as direct insurer of the risks reinsured. Reinsured risks are reported as liabilities.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2024

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND NET POSITION – Continued

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2 – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

BUDGETARY INFORMATION

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. The GIN Board adopts an annual budget prior to July 1 for the following fiscal year. The final annual budget is adopted by July 1. The GIN Board may amend the annual budget at any time in the same manner as provided for passage of the annual budget.

EXCESS OF ACTUAL EXPENSES OVER BUDGET IN INDIVIDUAL FUNDS

The Operations Fund had an excess of \$622,039 of actual expenses over budget as of the date of this report.

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Permitted Deposits and Investments - Statutes authorize GIN to make deposits/invest in commercial banks, savings and loan institutions, obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agencies, obligations of States and their political subdivisions, credit union shares, repurchase agreements, commercial paper rated within the three highest classifications by at least two standard rating services, Illinois Trust and the Illinois Metropolitan Investment Fund.

The Illinois Trust was established for the purpose of allowing various public agencies including, but not limited to, counties, townships, cities, towns, villages, school districts, housing authorities and public water supply districts, to jointly invest funds in accordance with the Laws of the State of Illinois. Participation in the Illinois Trust is voluntary. The Illinois Trust is not registered with the SEC as an Investment Company. Investments in the Illinois Trust are valued at the share price, the price for which the investment could be sold.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2024

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – Continued

DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS – Continued

Deposits. At year-end, the carrying amount of the GIN's deposits totaled \$4,787,440 and the bank balances totaled \$4,787,440. In addition, GIN has \$2,708,875 invested in the Illinois Trust at year-end, which has an average maturity of less than one year.

Interest Rate Risk. Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The GIN's investment policy minimizes interest rate risk by structuring the investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations and by investing operating funds primarily in shorter-term securities, money market mutual funds, or similar investment pools and limiting the average maturity of the portfolio.

Credit Risk. Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The GIN's investment policy minimizes credit risk by diversifying investments by maturity, issuer, and class of security so that the impact of potential losses from any one type of security or from any one individual issuer will be minimized. GIN's investment in Illinois Trust was not rated.

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the GIN's deposits may not be returned to it. The GIN's investment policy states that full collateralization will be required on all demand deposit accounts, including checking accounts and non-negotiable certificates of deposits. At year-end, the entire amount of the bank balance of the deposits was covered by federal depository or equivalent insurance.

Custodial Credit Risk – Investments. For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the GIN will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The GIN does not have a formal investment policy with regards to custodial credit risk for investments.

Concentration of Credit Risk. This is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the GIN's investment in a single issuer. The GIN's investment policy eliminates the risk of loss resulting from the over-concentration of assets in a specific maturity, issuer, or class of securities. At year-end, the GIN's investment in the Max Safe Fund represents 100.0% of the GIN's total cash and cash equivalents.

CLAIMS PAYABLE

Liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities include a number of claims that have been incurred but not reported (IBNR). Claims liabilities are established based on estimates of the ultimate cost of claims that have been reported but not settled, and of claims that have been incurred but not reported.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2024

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued

CLAIMS PAYABLE – Continued

Changes in the balances of claims liabilities are as follows:

	Medio	cal
	and De	ntal
	2024	2023
Claims Payable - Beginning	\$ 1,061,225	922,159
Claims Incurred	19,861,455	16,426,128
Claims Paid	(19,760,995)	(16,287,062)
		_
Claims Payable - Ending	1,161,685	1,061,225

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION

CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Litigation

The GIN is not currently involved in any lawsuits.

Contractual Agreements

The GIN contracts for Claims Administration, Plan Consulting, Pharmacy Benefit Management and similar services with a variety of service providers. Generally, these contracts provide for fees based on enrollment and remain in effect for one year. Often, such contracts are terminable as specified in each individual agreement. At year end, all fees due have been paid.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Operations - Enterprise Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Budget		
	Original	Final	Actual
Operating Revenues			
Premium Contributions	\$ 21,173,004	21,173,004	21,439,735
Operating Expenses			
Provision for Claims			
Claims Incurred and Paid During the Year	16,475,652	16,475,652	19,760,995
Stop-Loss Reimbursements	-	-	(1,482,509)
Net Provision for Claims	16,475,652	16,475,652	18,278,486
Vision Insurance	160,500	160,500	157,054
Life and AD & D	360,000	360,000	358,386
Liability Insurance	20,643	20,643	20,643
Legal Fees	7,500	7,500	-
Audit Fees	12,900	12,900	12,400
Broker Consulting Service and Administration	391,915	391,915	394,987
BCBS Administration Fees	3,799,384	3,799,384	3,884,749
Supplies and Postage	200	200	42
Miscellaneous	3,600	3,600	1,341
Member Equity Allocation	-	-	(1,253,755)
Total Operating Expenses	21,232,294	21,232,294	21,854,333
Operating Income (Loss)	(59,290)	(59,290)	(414,598)
Nonoperating Revenues			
Interest Income	300,000	300,000	414,598
Changes in Net Position	240,710	240,710	-
Net Position - Beginning			
Net Position - Ending			

Operations - Enterprise Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budget		
	Original	Final	Actual
Operating Revenues			
Premium Contributions	\$ 20,294,954	20,294,954	20,482,801
Operating Expenses			
Provision for Claims			
Claims Incurred and Paid During the Year	15,353,621	15,353,621	16,426,128
Stop-Loss Reimbursements	-	-	(965,167)
Net Provision for Claims	15,353,621	15,353,621	15,460,961
Vision Insurance	153,000	153,000	153,510
Life and AD & D	342,000	342,000	346,873
Liability Insurance	20,102	20,102	20,102
Legal Fees	7,500	7,500	451
Audit Fees	12,750	12,750	12,000
Broker Consulting Service and Administration	391,220	391,220	395,516
BCBS Administration Fees	3,966,906	3,966,906	3,980,850
Supplies and Postage	-	-	41
Miscellaneous	2,400	2,400	1,550
Member Equity Allocation	-	-	422,363
Total Operating Expenses	20,249,499	20,249,499	20,794,217
Operating Income (Loss)	45,455	45,455	(311,416)
Nonoperating Revenues			
Interest Income	84,000	84,000	311,416
Changes in Net Position	129,455	129,455	-
Net Position - Beginning			
Net Position - Ending			

SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULES

Schedule of Changes in Net Position - by Individual Members - Medical, Vision and Dental For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Annual Premiums	Member Proportionate Share of Total Premiums (%)	Member Proportionate Share of Total Capital (\$)
City of Elmhurst	\$ 4,675,573	21.81%	\$ (273,419)
Forest Preserve District of Will County	1,151,694	5.37%	(67,349)
Village of Frankfort	1,682,505	7.85%	(98,390)
Village of Lemont	1,297,274	6.05%	(75,862)
Village of New Lenox	2,946,716	13.74%	(172,319)
Village of Romeoville	5,214,172	24.32%	(304,914)
Village of Shorewood	1,299,848	6.06%	(76,013)
Village of Westmont	2,163,172	10.09%	(126,497)
Village of Willowbrook	1,008,781	4.71%	(58,992)
Totals	21,439,735	100.00%	(1,253,755)

Schedule of Changes in Net Position - by Individual Members - Medical, Vision and Dental For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Annual Premiums	Member Proportionate Share of Total Premiums (%)	Member Proportionate Share of Total Capital (\$)
City of Elmhurst	\$ 4,501,806	21.98%	\$ 92,829
Forest Preserve District of Will County	1,112,135	5.43%	22,933
Village of Frankfort	1,660,261	8.11%	34,235
Village of Lemont	1,277,788	6.24%	26,348
Village of New Lenox	2,610,259	12.74%	53,825
Village of Romeoville	4,989,388	24.36%	102,883
Village of Shorewood	1,265,339	6.18%	26,092
Village of Westmont	2,227,858	10.88%	45,939
Village of Willowbrook	837,967	4.09%	17,279
Totals	20,482,801	100.00%	422,363